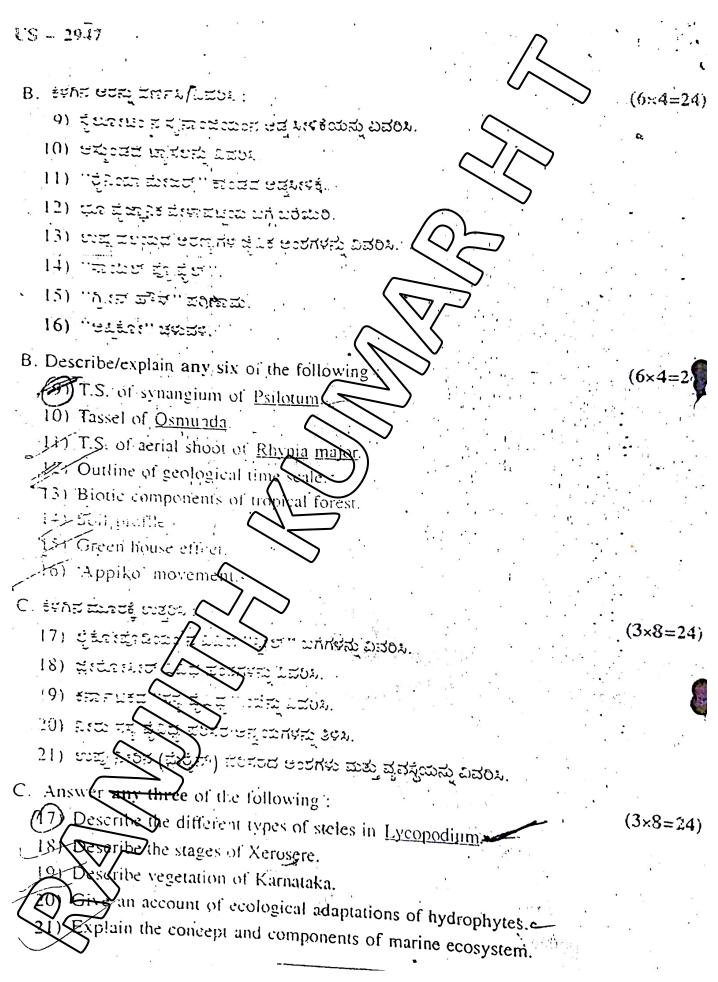
III Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, Dec	ember 2006	
(Semester Scheme)		
BOTANY Bolowy		av and
Paper - III: Pteridophytes, Paleobotany Environn Phytogeography	JGUIST PIOLO	gy,and
r nytogeography		
Time: 3 Hours	Ma	x. Marks: 60
	× 1. 1. 1	
Instructions: 1) Answer all Parts.		• •
2) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.		· · · · ·
A. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಆರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ :	species,	lbe(6×2=12)
🕨 🚺 ಎರಡು ಬಗಿಯ ಪಳಯುಳಕಗಳನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ. 🕝 🦯 🛝 🕻	· AAAAAAA	1 - 1
	E CLIN CILL CO	4 Y
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3) ಮಣ್ಣನ ಸಂರಕ್ಷಣೆಯ ಎರಡು ವಿಧಾನಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ. () ನೀಟಿ ಕ್ರೀಡ್ ಕ್ರಿಡ್ ಕ್ರೀಡ್ ಕ್ರಿಡ್ ಕ್ರಿಡ್ ಕ್ರೀಡ್ ಕ್ರಿಡ್ ಕ್ರಿಡ್ ಕ್ರಿಡ್ ಕ್ರಿಡ್ ಕ್ರಿಡ್ ಕ್ರಿಡ್ ಕ್ರಿಡ್ ಕ್ರೀ	GO DOCTUM	editable 1
4) "ಅಸಿಡ್ ರೈನ್" ಎಂದರೇನು ? ನ್ನೇ ಇ ನ್ರೇಥಿಯ ನಿರ್ಣಿಯ	1 litular	pal - ake of
5) ''ನೂ ಮಿಟೋರ್ಫೇರ್ಡ್'' ಎಂದರೇಕು? ಸ್ಥ 🚺 🙀 🖟 🚉	of inder	South to the contract of the c
by some or organish for secretary with the	muitaje,	
7) ''ಹಟರೋಸ್ಟೋರಿ'' ಎಂದರೇನು ? ಇವರ ಚಿತ್ರತ್ರತ ಳಿಸಿ.	* *	•!
		91
8) "ಪೋಲನ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್" ಎಂದರೆ ನಿನ್ನು?	0 5	
A. Answer any six of the following:	• •	$(6\times2=12)$
Mention any two types of lossils.		
2) What is remote sensing?	£,	,
3) Mention any two methods of soil conservation.	ï	
4) What is acid ratio	* 1	•
5) What are pneumatophores?		*
51 Define tigute.	, ig	
7) What is heterospory? Mention its significance.		* ************************************
What is pollen bank?		n
	1	P.T.O.



SD - 2382

III Semester B.Sc. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2007

(Semester Scheme) BOTANY

Paper - III: Pteridophytes, Palaeobotany, Environmental

Biology and Phytogeography

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Instructions: 1) Answer all parts.

2) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

A. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಆರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ:

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

1) ಪ್ರೊಟೋಸ್ಟ್ರೀಲ್ ಎಂದರೇನು? ಒಂದು ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ಕೊಡ

2) ರೈನಿಯಾ ಸಸ್ಯ ಬದುಕಿದ್ದ ಕಾಲವನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ ಮತ್ತು ಯಾರು ಕಂಡು ಹಿಡಿದರು.

3) ಸೈಲೋಟಂ ಗಿಡದ ಗ್ಯಾಮಿಟೊಪೈಟ್ ಚಿತ್ರವನ್ನು ಬರಕು ಧಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

4) ಟ್ಯಾಜಲ್ ಎಂದರೇನು ? ಒಂದು ಉದಾಹರಣ್ಣೆ ಕೊಡ್ಡಿ

5) ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಎಸ್.ಎಲ್. ಅನ್ನು ಬಿಡಿಸಿ ಹೇಳಿ. ಅವರ ಮಹತ್ವವನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ.

6) ಮಣ್ಣನ್ನು ಸಂರಕ್ಷಿಸುವ ಯಾವುದಾದರು ಎಕ್ಕಡು ವಿಧಾನಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ.

7) ಬಯೋಸೈಡ್ ಎಂದರೇನು? ಒಂದು ಉಡ್ಡಾಹಕ ಹೊಡಿ.

8) ವೈವಿಪ್ಯಾರಿ ಎಂದರೇನು ? ಒಂಡು ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ಹೊಡಿ.

A. Answer any six of the following:

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

1) What is protostele? Give an example.

2) Mention the geological period of Rhynia and its discoverer.

3) Write a neat labelled diagram of gametophyte of Psilotum.

4) Define Tassels with an example.

5) Expand NSSL. Mention its importance. X

6) Mention any two methods of soil conservation.

7) What is biocide? Give an example.

8) Define viyipary. Give an example. X

SD - 2382

B. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಆರನ್ನು ವರ್ಣಿಸಿ / ವಿವರಿಸಿ : $(6 \times 4 = 24)$ 9) ಹಲವು ವಿಧದ ಬೀಜಾಣುಗಳ ಉತ್ಪಾದನೆ ಹಾಗು ಬೀಜದ ಅನುರೂಪ. 10) ರೈಜ಼ೊ ಪೋರ್ನ ಬಾಹ್ಯ ರಚನೆ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಇರುವ ವಾದಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ. 11) ಸೈಕಡಾಡಿಯ. 12) ಮಣ್ಣನಸೂಕ್ಷ್ಮಜೀವಿಗಳು. 13) ವನಮಹೋತ್ವ. 14) ಸಮುದ್ರ ಪರಿಸರದ ಜೈವಿಕ ಅಂಶಗಳು. 15) ನ್ಯಕ್ಷಿಯಾರ್ ವಿಂಟರ್. 16) ಕೃಷಿ ಭೂಮಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನೀರಿನ ನಿರ್ವಹಣೆ. B. Describe / Explain any six of the following: $(6 \times 4 = 24)$ 9) Heterospory and seed habit. 10) Morphological interpretation of Rhizophox 11) Cycadeidea 12) Soil microorganism 13) Afforestation 14) Biotic components of Marine Ecos 15) Nuclear winter × 16) Water shed management. C. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಮೂರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ : $(3 \times 8 = 24)$ 17) ಲೈಕೊಪೊಡಿಯಂನ ವಿವಿಧ್ಯ ಕ್ಯಾಮಿಟೊಪೈಟ್ ಗಳನ್ನು ವರ್ಣಿಸಿ. 18) ಎಫ್ರಿಪ್ಟಟ್ಸ್ ಹಾಗು ಪರ್ರವಳಂಬಿ ಸಸ್ಯೆಗಳ ಪರಿಸರ ಅನ್ವಯಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ. 19) ಸಸ್ಯಗಳ ಅನುಕ್ರಮ ಸರಂಪರೆಯ ಹುತಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ. 20) ಜಿಯಲಾಜ್ಲಿಕಲ್ಡ್ ಹಿರಿಯಾತ್ ಯನ್ನು ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ಸಹಿತ ವಿವರಿಸಿ. 21) ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಕ್ಷಮಾನ್ ಸಂನ್ರ ಸಸ್ಯಗಳು ಹಾಗು ಕಾಡ್ಲಕಾಂಡಗಳನ್ನು ವರ್ಣಸಿ. C. Answer any three of the following: $(3 \times 8 = 24)$ Describe the different types of gametophyte of Lycopodium. 18) Describe the Ecological adaptations in Epiphytes and Parasites. 19) Explain the different stages of plant succession. 20 Explain the Geological periods with examples. 21) Describe Monsoonal vegetation and Mangroove vegetation of India.

MARKARI KURUKU SN - 1711 III Semester B.Sc. Examination, Nov. Dec. 2008 (Semester Scheme) BOTANY – III Pteridophytes, Palaeobotany, Environmental Biology and Phytogeography Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60 Instructions: 1) Answer all Parts. 2) Draw diagrams wherever necessary. A. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಆರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ : (6×2=12) 1) ಸೈಲೋಟಂ ಸೈನಾಂಜಿಯಂನ ಆಡ್ಡಸೀಳಕೆಯ ಅಂದವಾದ ಚಿಕ್ಕಡಿಕೆದು 2) ನಾಲ್ಕು ಬಗೆಯ ಪಳೆಯುಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ. 3) ಇಕೊಲಾಜಿಕಲ್ ಪಿರಮಿಡ್ ಎಂದರೇನು? ಯಾವುದಾದ 4) ಹ್ಯಾಲೋಫೈಟ್ ಎಂದರೇನು? ಒಂದು ಉದ್ದಾಹರಣ್ಣೆ ನೀತ 5) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕರ ನಿವಿಧ ಪಸ್ಯಸಂಕುಲಗಳನ್ನು ಹೈ 6) ಪ್ರೋಟೋಕಾರ್ಮ್ ಎಂದರೇನು? 7) ಯೂಸ್ಪೊರಾಂಜಿಯೇಟ್ ಮತ್ತು ಲೆಪ್ಟೋಸ್ಪೊರಾಂಜ್ರಾಯೀಟ್ ಬೆಳವಣೆಗೆಗಳ ನಡುವಿನ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ 8) ಹಸರು ಮನೆ ಪ್ರಭಾವ' ಎಂದರೇನು Answer any six of the following $(6 \times 2 = 12)$ Draw a neat labelled diagram of the T.S. of Synangium of Psilotum. Name any four types of fossils. compression, Empression, Moll peter-le 3) Define an Ecological Ryramid. Name any two types. Graphic Representation What are halophytes? Give an example. Trouble population of a communication 5) Mention the regetational types of Karnataka. a - food chain Ecoloptical pyramit of the 5) What is a Protocorm? 7) Differentiate Eusporangiate from Leptosporangiate type of development.

8) What is green house effect?

C. Answer any three of the following:

 $(3 \times 8 = 24)$

Describe stellar evolution in pteridophytes.

Explain the ecological adaptations in xerophytes.

19) Describe the internal structure of Osmunda rhizome with a neat labelled diagram.

0) Give an account of the Floristic regions of India.

21 Describe the various stages in a Hydrosere.

DS - 13'

III Semester B.Sc. Examination, November/December 2009)

(Semester Scheme)

BOTANY (Paper – III)

Pteridophytes, Palaeobotany, Environmental Biology and Phytogeography

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Instructions: 1) Answer all Parts.

2) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

A. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಆರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ:

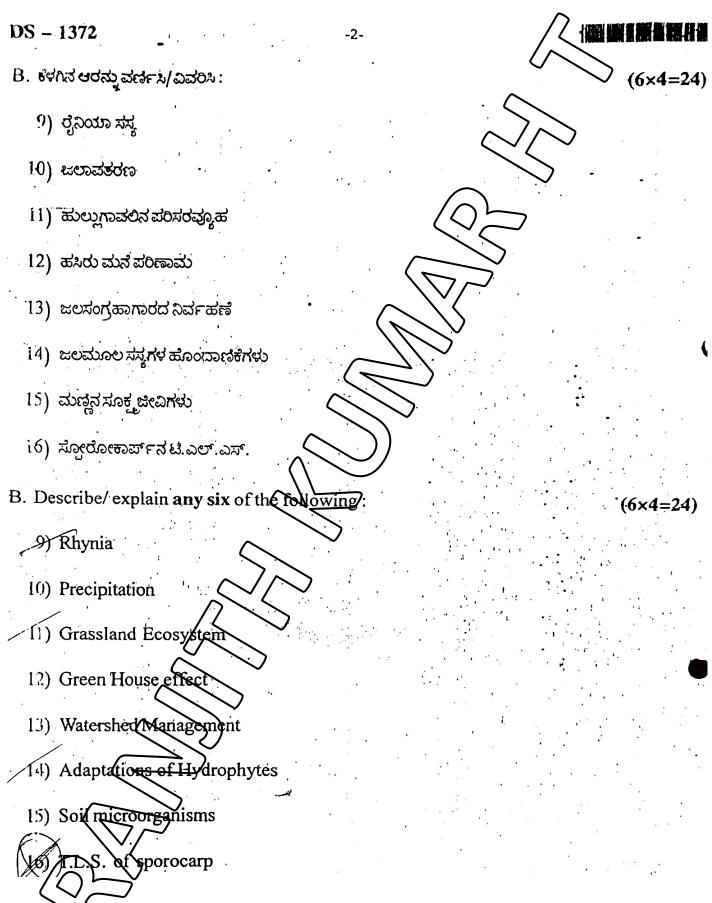
 $(6 \times 2 = 17)$

- 1) ಪ್ರೊಟೋಸ್ಟ್ರೀಲ್ ಎಂದರೇನು? ಒಂದು ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ಕೊಡಿ.
 - 2) ಲೈಕೊಪೋಡಿಯಮ್ ಮತ್ತು ಸೆಲ್ಯಾಜಿನೆಲ್ಲಾ ಗಿಡಗಳ ಬೀಜ್ಬಾಣುಕೋನಗಳ ನ್ರಡುವಿನ ಎರಡು ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸಗಳನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.
 - 3) ಬೀಜ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಗಳೆಂದರೇನು? ಅವುಗಳ ಮಹತ್ವವೇನು?
 - 4) ಯೂಟ್ರೋಫಿಕೇಶನ್ ಎಂದರೇನು ? ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನಿಸಿ ಹರಿಸರದ ಮುಲ ಅದರ ಪರಿಣಾಮವೇನೆಂದು ಉಲ್ಲೇಖಿಸಿ.
 - 5) ಬೀಜದ ಅನುರೂಪ ಎಂದರೇನು ? ಒಂದು ಉದ್ಯಾಹರಣ್ಣೇ
- 6) ಪರಿಸರಶಾಸ್ತ್ರೀಯ ಅನುಕ್ರಮಣ ಎಂದರೇನ್ನು ಮ್ಲಾಫ್ಯಾನಿ
- 7) ಮಣ್ಣನ ಹೊರವಿನ್ಯಾಸ ಎಂದರೇನು ? ಸ್ಥೂರವಿನ್ಯಾಸದಲ್ಲಿ ಗೋಚರಿಸುವ ವಿವಿಧ ಪದರಗಳನ್ನು ಪಟ್ಟಿಮಾಡಿ.
- 8) ಪಟ್ರಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟನ್ ಎಂದರೇನು?

A. Answer any six of the following

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

- 1) What is protostele! Give an example.
- 2) Point out two differences between strobili of Lycopodium and Selaginella.
- 3) What are seed-banks 9 Mention their importance.
- 4) Define Eutrophication. Mention its effect on environment.
- 5) What is meant by seed habit? Give an example.
- 6) What is Ecological Succession? Define.
- nat is soil profile? List the different layers of soil profile.
 - 8) Define Petrefaction.



DS - 1372

3×8==24)

-3-

C. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಮೂರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ:

- 17) ಸೈಕ್ಯಾಡಾಯ್ಡಿಯಾ ಸಸ್ಯದ ಸಂತಾನೋತ್ಪತ್ತಿ ಅಂಗಗಳ ರಚನೆಯನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ
- 18) ಆಸ್ಮುಂಡಾ ಗಿಡದ ರೈಜೋಮಿನ ಒಳರಚನೆಯನ್ನು ವರ್ಣಸಿ.
- 19) ಹೈಡ್ರೋಸಿಯರ್ನ ವಿವಿಧ ಹಂತಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
- 20) ಜೈವಿಕ ಘಟಕಗಳು ಎಂದರೇನು ? ಸಸ್ಯಲೋಕದಲ್ಲಿನ ವಿವಿಧ ಬಗೆಯ ನಕಾರಾಕ್ಷಕ ಸಹಯ್ಯಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
- 21) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಸಸ್ಯಸಂಪತ್ತಿನ ಮಾದರಿಗಳನ್ನು ವರ್ಣಸಿ.

C. Answer any three of the following:

 $(3 \times 8 = 24)$

- 17) Describe the reproductive structures in cycadeoidea.
- .18) Describe the internal structure of the thizome of Osmunda.
- 19) Explain the different stages of Hydrosere.
- 20) What are biotic factors? Discuss various types of negative interactions in plant kingdom.
- 21) Explain the important venetational types of Karnataka.

排制關係物制制

2SN - 220

III Semester B.Sc. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2010

(Semester Scheme) BOTANY (Paper – III)

Pteridophytes, Palaeobotany, Environmental Biology and Phytogeography

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Instructions: 1) Answer all Parts.

2) Draw diagrams wherever pecessal

A. ಕಳಗಿನ ಆರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ :

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

- 1) ಸೈಪೊನೋಸ್ಟೀಲನ್ನು ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನಿಸಿ.
- 2) ಹೇಲೋಪಾಯಿಟ್ಸ್ ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನಿಸಿ, ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ಕೊಡಿ.
- 3) ಆಟೋ ಎಕಾಲಜಿ ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನಿಸಿ.
- 4) ತೇಲುವ ಸೂಕ್ಷ್ಮ ಸಸ್ಯಗಳೆಂದರೇನು?
- 5) ಮಣ್ಣಿನ ಹೊರವಿನ್ಯಾಸವೆಂದರೇನು ?
- 6) ಪೆಟ್ರಿಪ್ಯಾಕ್ಷನ್ಗನ್ನು ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನಿಸಿ.
- 7) ಪೊಲನ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕಿನ ಮಹತ್ವವನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ.
- 3) ಸ್ಪುರೋಕಾರ್ಪ್ ಎಂದರೇನ್ / ಉದಾಹರಣೆ ಕೊಡಿ.

A. Answer any six of the following:

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

- 1) Define Siphonostele.
- 2) Define Halophyte with example.
 - 3) Define Autoecology
 - 4) What is Phytoplankton?
 - 5) What is soil profile?
 - 6) Define Petrefactions.
 - 7) Menjion the significance of Pollen Bank.
 - 8) What is Sporocarp? Give an example.

SN - 220 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$ B. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಆರಕ್ಕೆ ವರ್ಣಸಿ / ವಿವರಿಸಿ : 1) ಆಸ್ಮುಂಡದ ಟ್ಯಾಸಲ್ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ. 2) ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಅರಣ್ಯದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ. 3) ಜೈವಿಕ ಅಂಶವಾಗಿ ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳ ಪಾತ್ರವನ್ನು ವರ್ಣಸಿ. 4) ಓಜೋನ್ ಸವೆಯುವಿಕೆ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವರ್ಣಸಿ. 5) ಸಸ್ಯ ಪಳಿಯುಳಿಕೆ ಶಾಸ್ತಕ್ಷೆ ಪ್ರೊಫೆಸರ್ ಬಿರಬಲ್ ಸಹಾನಿಯವರ ಕೊಡುಗೆ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ನಿವರಿಸಿ 6) ಮಣ್ಣನ ಸೂಕ್ಷ್ಮ ಜೀವಿಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವರ್ಣಸಿ. 7) "ಅಪ್ರಿಕೊ" ಚಳುವಳಿ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ. 8) ಲೈಕೊಪೋಡಿಯಮ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರೊಬಿಲಿಸ್ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ. B. Describe / Explain any six of the following. $(6 \times 4 = 24)$ 1) Tassels of Osmunda 2) Social Forestry 3) Role of animals as a biotic factor 4) Ozone depletion 5) Contribution of Proof. Birba Sahani to Palaeobotany 6) Soil micro-organisms 7) "Appiko" Movement Lycopodium strobilus. C. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಮೂರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ: $(8 \times 3 = 24)$ 1) ಹಟರೋಸ್ಟೋರಿ ಮತ್ತು ಜೀಡದ ಆನುಕರ್ಷ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ 2) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಡಸ್ಥಾ ವೈವಿಧ್ಯಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ. 3) ವಾತಾವರಣದ ಅಂಶಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ 4) ಮಾರ್ರೀಲಿಯ ಪ್ರಕಾಂಡದ ಒಳರು ನೆಯನ್ನು ಅಂದವಾದ ಚಿತ್ರದೊಂದಿಗೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ. 5) ಕ್ರಿರೋಸೀರ್ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ C. Answer any three of the following: $(8 \times 3 = 24)$ 1) Give an account of Heterospory and seed habit. 2) Explain the important vegetational types of Karnataka. 3) Explain climatic factor. Describe the internal structure of Marselia Rhizome with neat labelled diagram. 5) Explain xerosere.

MERRICA

9 SO - 226

III Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, October/November 2011

(Semester Scheme)

BOTANY - III

Pteridophytes, Paleobotany, Environmental Biology and Phytogeography

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Instructions: 1) Answer all Parts.

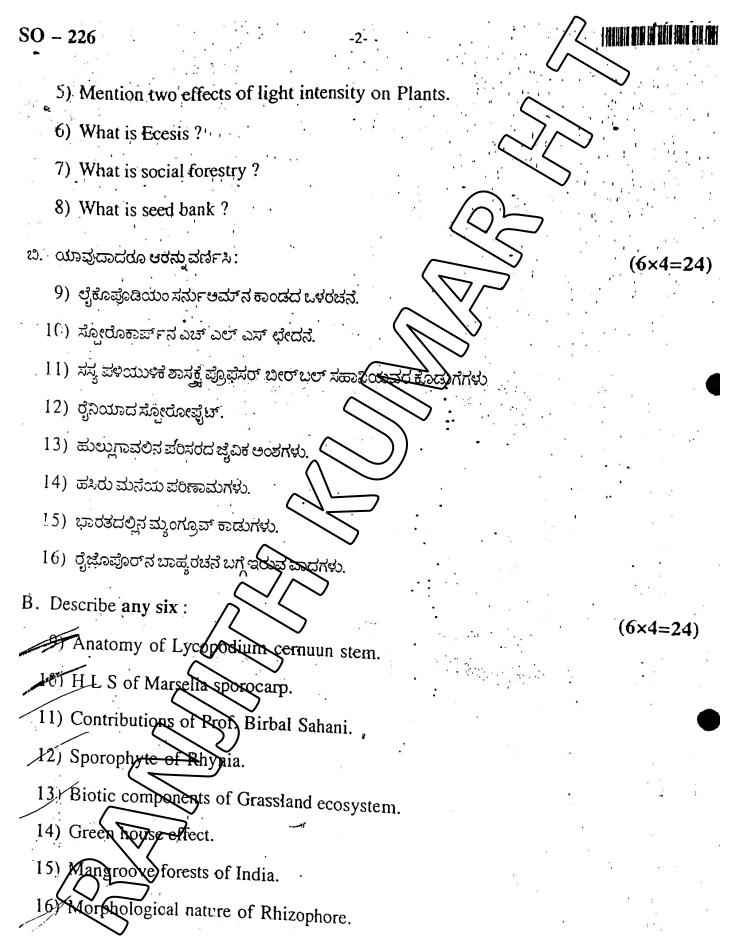
- 2) Draw diagrams wherever necessary
- 3) Answer entirely either in Kannada or English.
- ಎ. ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಆರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ:

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

- 1) ಪಟ್ರಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಟನ್ ಎಂದರೇನು?
- 2) ಬೀಜ ಸ್ವರೂಪದ ಎರಡು ಮಹತ್ವಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳ್ಳಿ
- 3) ಸ್ಪೊರೋಕಾರ್ಪ್ ಎಂದರೇನು?
- 4) ದೂರ ಸಂವೇದಿಯದ ಎರಡು ಅನುಕೂಲತೆಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳ್ಳು.
- 5) ಸಸ್ಯಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಬೆಳಕಿನ ತೀವ್ರತೆಯಿಂದ ಉಂದಾಗುವ ಎರಡು ಪರಿಣಾಮಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ
- 6) ಎಕೆಸಿಸ್ ಎಂದರೇನು?
- 7) ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಎಂಡರೇನು ?
- 8) ಸಸ್ಯ ಬೀಜ ಶೇಖರಣ್ ಎಂಡರೇನ್ನು?
- A. Answer any six

 $(6\times2=12)$

- 1) What is Petrifaction?
- 2) Mention two advantages of seed habit.
- 37 What is sporocarp?
- 4) Mention two applications of remote sensing.



SO - 226

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-3

ಸಿ. ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಮೂರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ:

- 17) ಮಾರ್ಸೀಲಿಯ ರೈಜೊಮ್ ನ ಒಳರಚನೆಯನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
- 18) ಸಸ್ಯ ಭೂಗರ್ಭಶಾಸ್ತ್ರೀಯ ಕಾಲಮಾಪಕದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ತಿಳಿಸಿ.
- 19) ಸಿಹಿನೀರಿನ ಪರಿಸರ ಅಂಶಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವರ್ಣಸಿ.
- 20) ಜೀರೋಸಿಯರ್ನ ವಿವಿಧ ಹಂತಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
- 21) ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಸಸ್ಯ ವೈವಿಧ್ಯಮಯತೆಯನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿ.

C. Answer any three:

Explain the anatomy of Marselia Rhizome.

- 18) Describe geological time table.
- 19) Concept and components of fresh water ecosystem.
- 20) Describe different stages of xerarch

21) Explain important vegetation types of Karnataka.



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OS - 215

III Semester B.Sc. Examination, October/November 2012 (Semester Scheme) (Prior to 2012-13) (QS)

Pteridophytes, Paleobotany, Environmental Biology and Phytogeography

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

Instructions: 1) Answer all Parts.

2) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

A. Answer any six of the following:

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

1) Lycopodium strobilus.

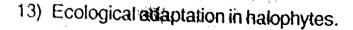
- 2) Draw neat labelled diagram of Marselia sporophyte.
- 3) Sporangium of Rhynia.
- 4) What is Heterospory ?
- 5) Mention the two effects of light intensity on plants.
- 6) Two applications of remote sensing.
- 7) Mention two adaptations of epiphytes.
- 8) Green house effect.

3. Describe/Explain any six of the following:

 $(6\times 4=24)$

- 9) Parnetophyte of Osmunda.
- 10) Geological time scale.
- 11) Grass land ecosystem.
- 12) Climate as an environmental factor.

OS - 215



14) Air pollution and its control measures.

15) Soil erosion and its conservation methods.*

16) Phytogeographical regions of India.

C. Answer any three of the following:

 $(3 \times 8 = 24)$

Explain in detail morphology and reproduction in Psilotum

18) Explain reproduction is Selagenella..

19) Explain in detail Stealar evolution.

20) What are natural resources and add a note on natural resources?

21) Explain in detail ecological succession xerosere.



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III Semester B.Sc. Examination, October/November, 2012 (Semester Scheme) (NS) (2012-13 and Onwards)

BOTANY - III

Pteridophytes, Paleobotany, Environmental Biology and

Phytogeography

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

- Instructions: i) Answer all parts
 - ii) Draw diagrams wherever pecessary

PART-A

A. Answer any seven of the following:

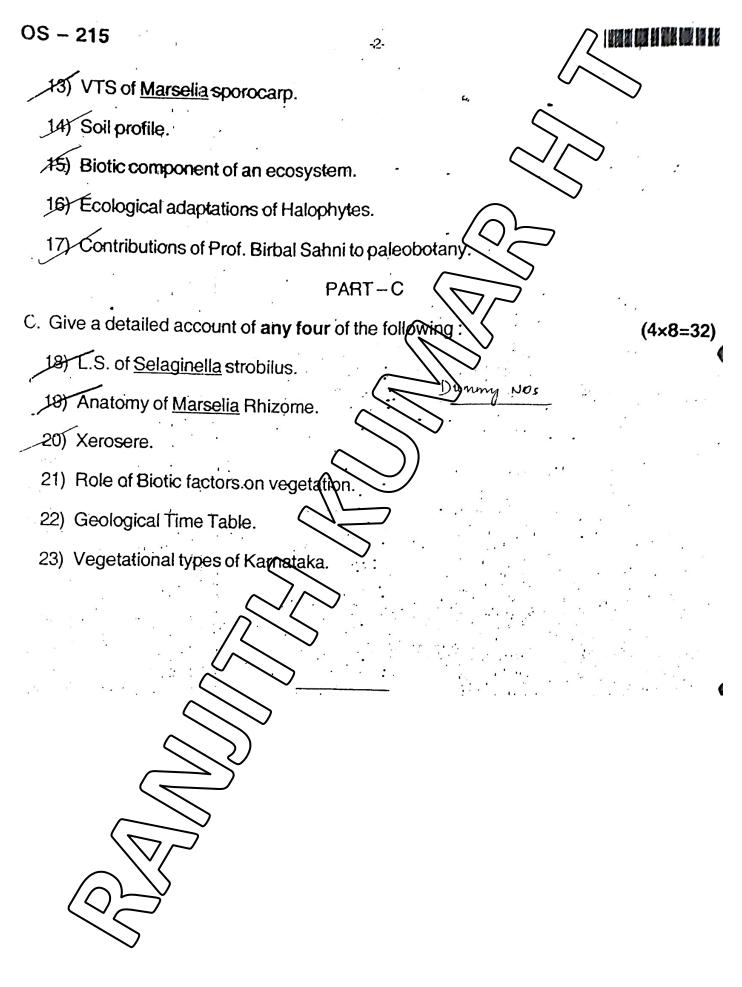
 $(7 \times 2 = 1.4)$

- 1) What is polystele? Give an example
- 2) Define "Impressions".
- 3) Draw a neat labelled diagram at 1.5. of rafure synangium.
- 4) Define xerophyte. Give an example.
- 5) Define an ecological pyramid. Name any two types.
- 6) Mention the names of two species in Rhynia.
- 7) What is Seed Habit? Give an example.
- 8) Define Autecology.
- 9) What is Afforestation?

. Describe any six of the following:

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$

- 10) T.S. of Psilotum stem.
- 11) Microsporophyll of cycadeoidea.
- 12) Sporophyte of equisetum.



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SN - 251

III Semester B.Sc. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2013 (Semester Scheme) (NS) (2012-13 and Onwards)

BOTANY (Paper - III)

Pteridophytes, Paleobotany, Environmental Biology and

Phytogeography

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instruction: 1) Answer all Parts.

2) Draw diagrams wherever nosessan

PART-A

A. Answer any seven of the following:

 $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

- 1) What is sylviculture?
- 2) Define autecology.
- 3) Define circinate vernation with an example.
- 4) What is heterospory? Give an example
- 5) Define symbiosis.
- 6) Draw a neat labeled diagram of synangium.
- 7) What is social forestry?
 - 8) What is Chippko mevement?
 - 9) What is vallicular canal?

PART-B

B. Describe/explain any six of the following:

, 10) Adaptations of halophytes.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$

- . 11) Cone of equisetum.
- , 12) Pollen bank
- . 13) Marine ecosystem.
 - 14) Process of fossilization.
 - 15) Write a note on water-shed management.
- (16) Calamites.
 - 17) Contribution of Birbal Sahni to paleobotany.

SN-251 PART-C C. Answer any four of the following: (18) Explain edaphic factors. (19) Explain the important vegetation types of Karnataka. 26) Describe the anatomy of the stem of selaginella. 21) Explain HLS of Marsilea sporocarp. 22) Explain different stages of xerosere. Explain the stelar evolution in pteridophytes!

SN - 251 III Semester B.Sc. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2013 (Semester Scheme) (OS) (Prior to 2012-13) BOTANY (Paper - III) Pteridophytes, Paleobotany, Environmental Biology and **Phytogeography** Max. Marks: 60 Time: 3 Hours Instruction: 1) Answer all Parts. 2) Draw diagrams wherever necessar PART- $(6 \times 2 = 12)$ A. Answer any six of the following: 1) Define siphonostele. Leaf of selaginella. 3) Mention methods of soil conservation 4) Mention two advantages of seed habit. 5) Mention two applications of remete sensing. 6) What is impressions? Syanangium of Psilotum 8) What is soil profile? Mention any two layers of soil profile. PART-B B. Describe/explain any six of the following: (6×4=24) 9) Cropland ecosystem. 10) Ozone layer depletion. 11) Phytogeographical regions of Kamataka. 12) Phynia. Role of animals as biotic factor. Role of seed bank in conservation of plant diversity. Gametophyte of Lycopodium. 16) Xerosere.

SN-251

PART-C



- 17) Discuss climatic factor.
- 18) Explain ecological adaptations in hydrophytes and epiphytes.
- 19) Describe Geological time scale.
- 20) Explain in detail, morphology and anatomy of rhizome of Marsilea.
- 21) Describe the stelar evolution in pteridophytes



25N - 261

III Semester B.Sc. Examination, November/December 2014

(N.S.) (Semester Scheme)

(2012-13 & Onwards)

BOTANY (Paper - III)

Pteridophytes, Palaeobotany, Environmental Biology and

Phytogeograpky

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: i) Answer all Parts.

. ii) Draw diagrams wherever necessary

PART =

A. Answer any seven of the following.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

- 1) What is amber?
- 2) Define protostele.
- 3) Define Food Chain.
- 4) What is sporocarp? Give an example.
- 5) Define Halophyte with an example.
- 6) Sporangium of Phynia.
- 7) What is Heterospory
- 8) Define synecology
- 9) Mention any two methods of soil conservation.

PART-B

3. Describe any six of the following.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$

10 T.S. of stem of Psilotum.

Describe any two types of fossils.

SN - 261

-2.



- 12) Ozone depletion.
- 13) T.S. of equisetum stem.
- 14) Strobilus of selaginella.
 - 15) Flow of energy in an ecosystem.
- 16) Ecological adaptations of Halophytes.
- 47) Grass land Ecosystem.

PART-

C. Give a detailed account of any four of the following

 $(4 \times 8 = 32)$

- 18) Stealar evolution in pteridophytes.
- 19) Explain the cone of selaginella with a neat labelled diagram.
- 20) Write a note on Xerophytes and Parasite's.
- 21) Explain the Climatic factors.
- 22) Explain the stem of calamites.
- 23) Explain the ecological pyramid of Number and Energy.

SN - 261III Semester B.Sc. Examination, November/December 2014 (Sernester Scheme) (OS) (Prior to 2012-13) BOTANY (Paper - III) Pteridophytes, Palaeobotany, Environmental Biology and Phytogeography , Max. Marks: 50 Time: 3 Hours Instructions: 1) Answer all Parts. 2) Draw diagrams wherever necessary PART - A $(6\times2=12)$ A. Answer any six (06) of the following. 1) Define vivipary. 2) What is green house effect? 3) What is Seed Bank? Mention the kimportance. 4) Name the two species of Rhynia. 5) What is amphiploic sighonostele? 6) What is social forestry? 7) What is parasitic plants? Give an example. 8) Define petrifaction. PART-B Answer any six (06) of the following. 9) T.S. of osmbuda rhizome. 10) Significance of forest conservation.

12) What is soil profile? Explain the different horizons of the soil profile.

11) Give an account of geological time scale.

SN - 261

18) Discuss the anatomical adaptations in xerophytes.

149 T.S. of Psilotum stem.

- (5) Biotic components of marine ecosystem.
- 16) Scope of environmental biology.

PART-C

C. Answer any three of the following.

 $(3 \times 8 = 24)$

Describe the phytogeographic regions of hotia 18 Describe stealar evolution in Pteridophytes

- 19) Discuss the morphological and anatomical adaptations in hydrophytes.
- Explain the internal structure of selaginilla stem with a neat labelled diagram.
- 21) What is ecological succession \ Describe sequential stages in hydrosere.

NS - 323

III Semester B.Sc. Examination, November/December 2016 (CBCS)

(2015 – 16 and Onwards) (F + RQ BOTANY (Paper – III)

Pteridophytes, Paleobotany, Environmental Biology and

Phytogeography

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: 1) Answerall questions.

2) Draw diagrams and write examples wherever necessary.

PART -

A. Explain/Define any ten of the following in two or three sentences:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

1) Give four important characteristic of pteridophyte.

- 2) T.S. of synangium.
- 3) What is Heterospory? Mention its significance.
- 4) What are Haustoria?
- 5) Mention any two methods of soil conservation.
- 6) What is gene bank?
- 7) What are xerophytes? Give one example.
- 8) Define Impression
- 9) Who is father of paleobotany?
- 10) Differentiate Helophytes and Seiophytes.
- 11) Mention two national parks of India.
- 12) Define Ecosystem.

NS - 323



B. Write a critical notes on any four of the following:

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 13) L. S. of Strobilus of Lycopodium.
- 14) T. S. of stem of Selaginella.
- 15) Grass land Ecosystem.
- 16) Rhynia.
- 17) Rain water harvesting.
- 18) Gametophyte of Psilotum.

PAPT

C. Give a comprehensive account of any three of the following: (3×

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- 19) Explain VTS of sporocarp of Marsilea.
- 20) Vegetational type of Karnataka.
- 21) Explain Hydrosere.
- 22) Stelar evolution in pteridophytes.
- 23) Explain the ecological adaptation with reference to epiphytes and halophytes.

SN - 368

III Semester B Sc. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2017

III Semester B.Sc. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2017 (CBCS) (F+R) (2015-16 and Onwards)

BOTANY - III

Pteridophytes, Paleobotany, Environmental Biology and Phytogeography

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: 1) Answer all questions.

2) Draw diagrams and write examples wherever necessary.

PART - A

A. Explain/Define any ten of the following in two or three sentences:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- イ) What are hanging roots?
- 2) What is prothallus?
- 3) Mention the two species of Phynia
- 4) What is watershed?
- 5) Define amphiphloic siphonostele
- 6) What is a ligule?
- 7) What is compression?
- 8) Mention any two differences between Lycopodiaum and Selaginella.
- 9) Mention any two agents of soil erosion.
- 10) What is social forestry?
- 11) Men(ion any 2 adaptations of parasites.
- 12) Mention any four phytogeographical regions of India.

SN - 368

PART-B

B. Write critical notes on any four of the following:

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 13) I.S. of rhizome of Psilotum.
- 14) Contributions of Birbal Sahni.
- 15) Cropland ecosystem.
- 16) Paleozoic era.
- 17) L.S. of Strobilus of Lycopodium.
- 18) Petrifaction.

PART

C. Give a comprehensive account of any three of the following:

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- .19) Role of seed and gene banks in conservation of plant diversity.
- 20) Describe Cycadeoidea.
- 21) Define an ecosystem. Discuss the positive interactions of biotic factors.
- 22) Explain the concept of heterospory and seed habit.
- 23) Explain:
 - a) Wind erosion
 - b) Mechanical methods of soil conservation.

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III Semester B.Sc. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2018

(CBCS) (F + R) (2015-16 and Onwards)

BOTANY - III

Pteridophytes, Paleobotany, Environmental Biology and Phytogeography

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: 1) Answer all Parts.

2) Draw diagrams and write examples wherever

necessary.

PART - A

A. Explain/Define any ten of the following in two or three sentences:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 1) What are Xerophytes?
- 2) Differentiate between In situ and Ex situ conservation.
- 3) What is Afforestation?
- 4) Define Ecosystem.
- 5) Draw a neat labelled diagram of T.S. of synangium of Psilotum.
- 6) Mention any two types of Protostele.
- 7) Define Petrifaction.
- 8) Mention any two Bioresetves.
- 9) What is soil Profile?
- 10) Define Synecotogy.
- 11) What is Rhizophore?
- 12) Mention two advantages of seed bank.

PART – B

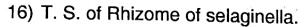
B. Write critical notes on any four of the following:

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

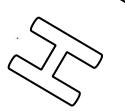
- 13) T.S. of stem of Lycopodium clavatum.
- 14) Helerospory and seed habit.
- 15) Process of fossilization.

P.T.C

SS - 362



- 17) Soil reclamation.
- 18) Conservation of forest.



PART - C

C. Give a comprehensive account of any three of the following:

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- 19) H.L.S. and V.T.S. of sporocarp of Marsilea.
- 20) Describe the Ecological adaptations in Epiphytes and Parasites.
- 21) Give an account on Phytogeographical regions of India.
- 22) Describe the various stages in Hydrosere.
- 23) Explain:
 - a) Rhynia
 - b) Pentaxylon.

Third Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, November/December 2019

(CBCS Scheme - Freshers & Repeaters -2015-16 Onwards)

Botany

PTERIDOPHYTES, PALEOBOTANY, ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY AND

PHYTOGEOGRAPHY

Time: 3 Hours

[Max. Marks: 70

Instructions to Candidates:

- 1) Answer ALL Parts.
- 2) Draw diagrams and give examples wherever necessary.

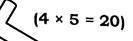
Explain/Define any TEN of the following in 2 or 3 sentences:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 1. Who discovered Rhynia?
- 2. Define Heterospory.
- 3. Soil Erosion.
- 4. Define Afforestation.
- 5. Actinostele.
- 6. Define paleobotany
- 7. Give any two adaptations in Hydrophytes.
- 8. Ligule.
- 9. Seed Bank
- 10. Give any two contributions of prof. Birbal Sahni.
- 11. Crop rotation.
- 12. Mention any two national parts of India.

PART - B

Write critical notes on any FOUR of the following:



- 13. Stem of pentoxylon.
- 14. Marine ecosystem.
- 15. Anatomy of psilotum aerial stem.
- 16. Temperature as a climatic factor.
- 17. L.S. pf lycopodium strobilus.
- 18. Agroforestry.



Give a comprehensive account of any TAREE of the following:

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- 19. Explain stelar evolution in pteridophytes.
- 20. What is ecological succession? Give a detailed account of hydrosere.
- 21. Explain In-situ conservation of plant diversity.
- 22. What is fossilization? Explain the different types.
- 23. Explain the morphology and anatomy of Marsilea Rhizome.